

# Low Profile Guide Type

## *CY1F Series*

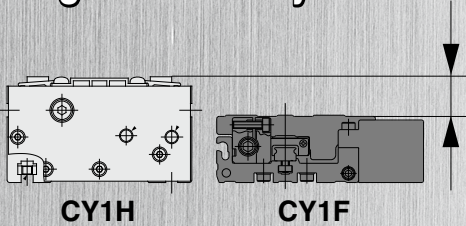
ø10, ø15, ø25



# “Low profile”, “Compact body” and “Lightweight”

## Low profile

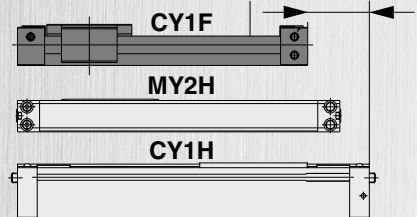
Height reduced by 29%



Height	mm		
Series	ø10	ø15	ø25
CY1F	28	34	46
CY1H	39.5	46	63

## Compact body

Overall length reduced by 31%



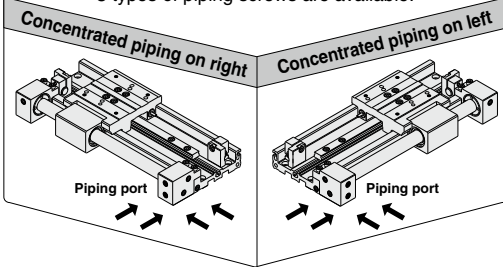
Overall length	mm		
Series	ø10	ø15	ø25
CY1F	198	205	240
CY1H	225	294	350
MY2H	—	260	310

\* For 100 mm stroke cylinder

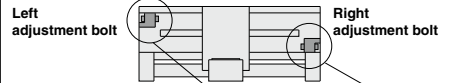
Overall length reduced by 22% compared to the MY2H series

## Various concentrated piping ports are available.

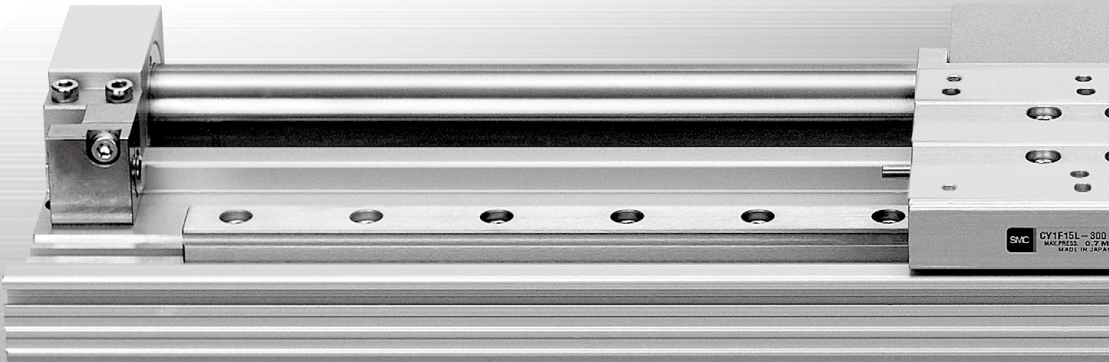
Piping port position can be specified using a part number.  
3 types of piping screws are available.



## 4 types of stroke adjustment are available.



	Left adjustment bolt	Right adjustment bolt
Both sides standard type	-1 mm to 0 mm 	-1 mm to 0 mm 
AL type	-25 mm to 0 mm 	-1 mm to 0 mm 
AR type	-1 mm to 0 mm 	-25 mm to 0 mm 
A type	-25 mm to 0 mm 	-25 mm to 0 mm 



Lightweight

Weight reduced by 50%

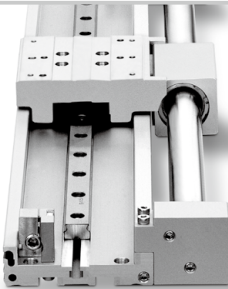
Weight <span style="float: right;">kg</span>			
Series	ø10	ø15	ø25
CY1F	0.7	1.1	2.5
CY1H	1.0	2.2	4.6
MY2H	—	1.3	3.2

\* For 100 mm stroke cylinder

Available bore sizes ø10, 15, 25

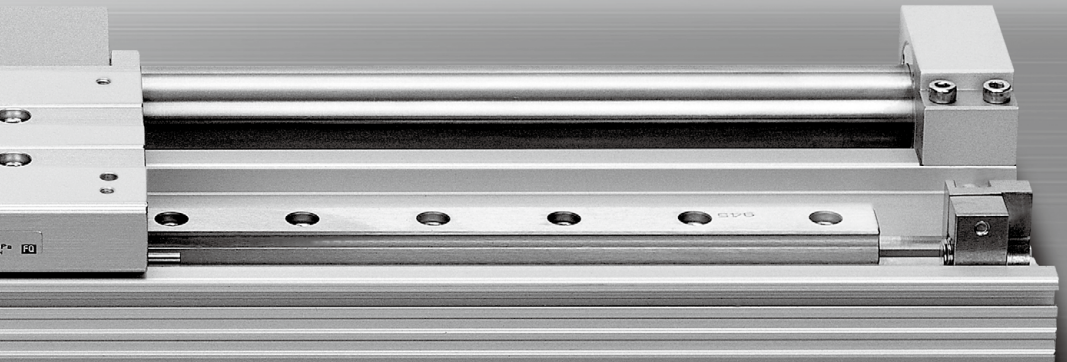
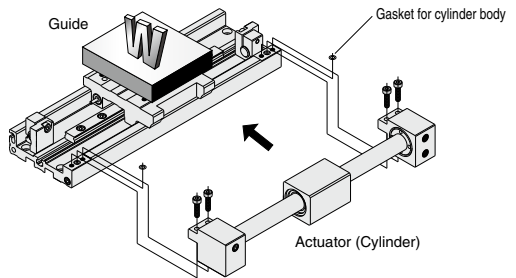
Model	Bore size (mm)	Standard stroke (mm)											Maximum stroke	Cushion	Piping directions			
		50	100	150	200	250	300	350	400	450	500	550				600		
CY1F	10	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	500	Built-in shock absorber	Concentrated piping on right Concentrated piping on left
	15	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	750		
	25	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	1200		

Accumulated dust on the guide can be removed easily without an end cover.



The cylinder and guide are integrated.

The cylinder portion can be replaced without interfering with the workpiece.

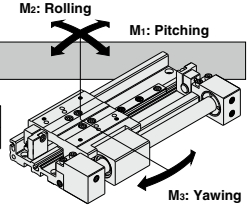


# CY1F Series Model Selection

The following are the steps for selection of the CY1F series best suited to your application.

## Standards for Tentative Model Selection

Cylinder model	Guide model	Standard for guide selection	Graph for related allowable values
CY1F	Linear guide (Single axis)	Slide table accuracy approx. ±0.05 mm or less	Refer to page 1261.



## Selection Flow Chart

**Es:** Allowable kinetic energy for intermediate stop by pneumatic circuit (J)  
**Ps:** Operating pressure limit for intermediate stop by external stopper, etc.  
 Limit value (MPa)

**Pv:** Maximum operating pressure in vertical operation (MPa)  
**mv:** Maximum allowable load mass in vertical operation (kg)  
 $\alpha$ : Load factor

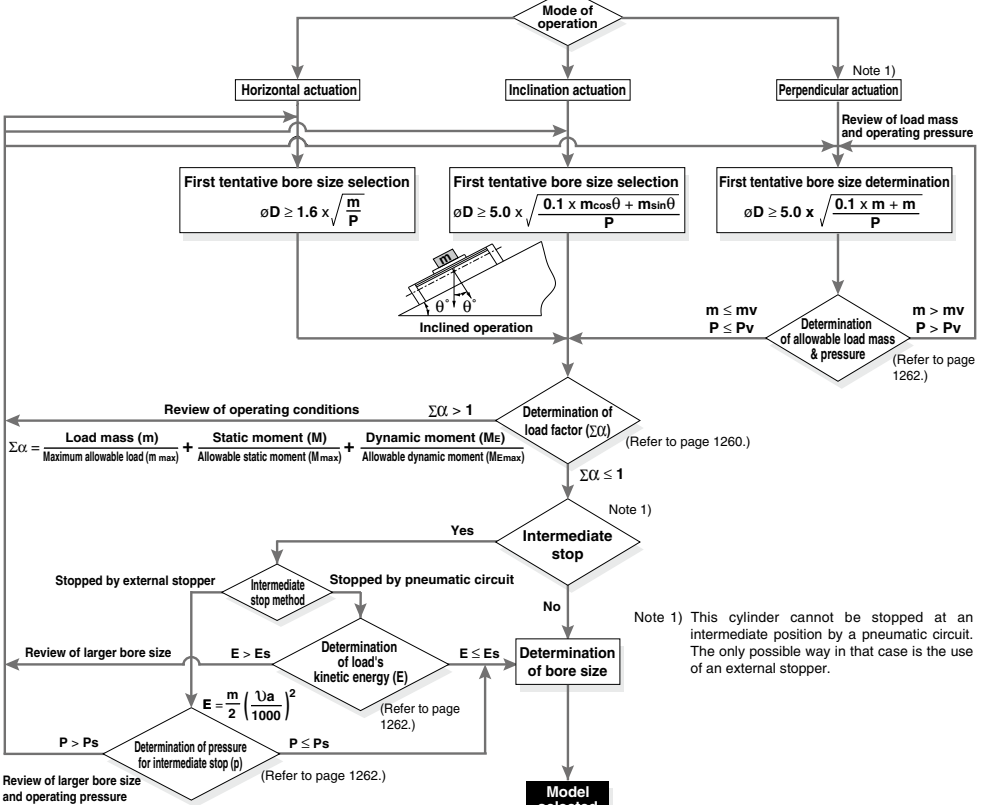
$$\Sigma\alpha = \frac{\text{Load mass (m)}}{\text{Maximum allowable load (m}_{\text{max}})} + \frac{\text{Static moment (M)}}{\text{Allowable static moment (M}_{\text{max}})} + \frac{\text{Dynamic moment (Me)}}{\text{Allowable dynamic moment (Me}_{\text{max}})}$$

**E:** Load kinetic energy (J)

$$E = \frac{m}{2} \left( \frac{Va}{1000} \right)^2$$

### Operating Conditions

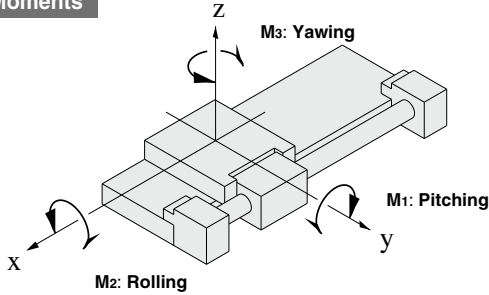
- m: Load mass (kg)
- P: Operating pressure (MPa)
- L: Center of gravity of the workpiece (mm)
- Mode of operation (Horizontal, Inclination, Vertical)
- Va: Average speed



**Types of Moment Applied on Rodless Cylinders**

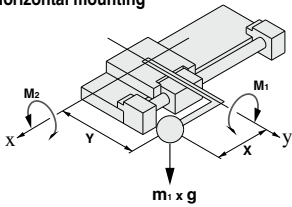
Multiple moments may be generated depending on the mounting orientation load and position of the center of gravity.

**Coordinates and Moments**

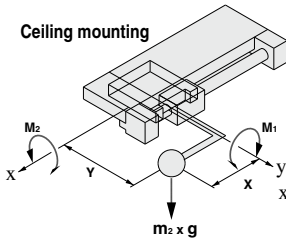


**Static Moment**

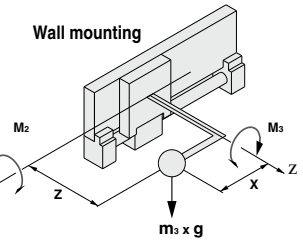
Horizontal mounting



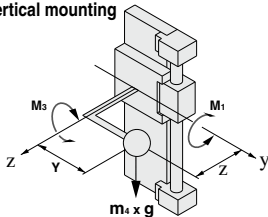
Ceiling mounting



Wall mounting



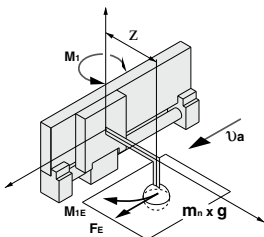
Vertical mounting



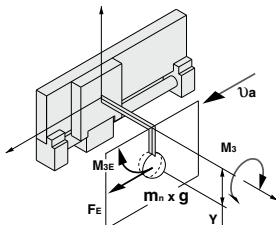
g: Gravitational acceleration

Mounting orientation	Horizontal	Ceiling	Wall	Vertical
Static load m	$m_1$	$m_2$	$m_3$	$m_4$
Static moment	$M_1: m_1 \times g \times X$	$M_2: m_2 \times g \times X$	—	$M_4: m_4 \times g \times Z$
	$M_2: m_1 \times g \times Y$	$M_3: m_3 \times g \times Y$	—	—
	—	—	$M_3: m_3 \times g \times X$	$M_4: m_4 \times g \times Y$

**Dynamic Moment**



g: Gravitational acceleration, Ua: Average speed



Mounting orientation	Horizontal	Ceiling	Wall	Vertical
Dynamic load FE	$\frac{1.4}{100} \times U_a \times m_n \times g$			
Dynamic moment	$M_{1E}$	$\frac{1}{3} \times F_E \times Z$		<b>Dynamic moment M2E is not generated.</b>
	$M_{2E}$			
	$M_{3E}$	$\frac{1}{3} \times F_E \times Y$		

Note) Regardless of the mounting orientation, dynamic moment is calculated with the formulas above.

## Maximum Allowable Moment/Maximum Allowable Load

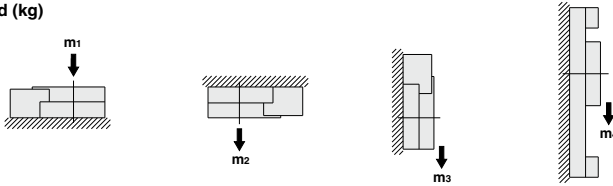
Model	Bore size (mm)	Maximum allowable moment (N-m)			Maximum allowable load (kg)			
		M1	M2	M3	m1	m2	m3	m4
CY1F	10	1	2	1	2	2	2	1.4
	15	1.5	3	1.5	5	5	5	2
	25	14	20	14	12	12	12	12

The above values are the maximum allowable values for moment and load. Refer to each graph regarding the maximum allowable moment and maximum allowable load for a particular piston speed.

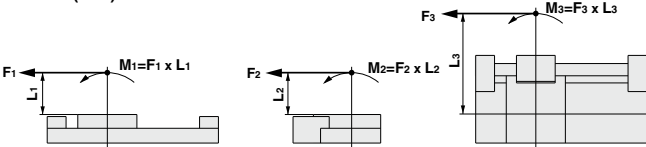
## Maximum Allowable Moment

Select the moment from within the range of operating limits shown in the graphs. Note that the maximum allowable load value may sometimes be exceeded even within the operating limits shown in the graphs. Therefore, also check the allowable load for the selected conditions.

### Load (kg)



### Moment (N-m)



### <Calculation guide load factor>

1. Maximum allowable load (1), static moment (2), and dynamic moment (3) (at the time of impact with stopper) must be examined for the selection calculations.

\* To evaluate, use  $\bar{U}$  (average speed) for (1) and (2), and  $U$  (impact speed  $U = 1.4\bar{U}$ ) for (3). Calculate  $m$  max for (1) from the maximum allowable load graph ( $m_1, m_2, m_3, m_4$ ) and  $M$ max for (2) and (3) from the maximum allowable moment graph ( $M_1, M_2, M_3$ ).

$$\text{Sum of guide load factors } \Sigma\alpha = \frac{\text{Load mass [m]}}{\text{Maximum allowable load [m max]}} + \frac{\text{Static moment [M] }^{Note 1}}{\text{Allowable static moment [Mmax]}} + \frac{\text{Dynamic moment [ME] }^{Note 2}}{\text{Allowable dynamic moment [MEmax]}} \leq 1$$

Note 1) Moment caused by the load, etc., with cylinder in resting condition.

Note 2) Moment caused by the impact load equivalent at the stroke end (at the time of impact with stopper).

Note 3) Depending on the shape of the workpiece, multiple moments may occur. When this happens, the sum of the load factors ( $\Sigma\alpha$ ) is the total of all such moments.

### 2. Reference formulas [Dynamic moment at impact]

Use the following formulas to calculate dynamic moment when taking stopper impact into consideration.

- $m$  : Load mass (kg)
- $F$  : Load (N)
- $F_E$  : Load equivalent to impact (at impact with stopper) (N)
- $\bar{U}$  : Average speed (mm/s)
- $M$  : Static moment (N-m)
- $U$  : Impact speed (mm/s)
- $L_1$  : Distance to the load's center of gravity (m)
- $ME$  : Dynamic moment (N-m)
- $g$  : Gravitational acceleration (9.8 m/s<sup>2</sup>)

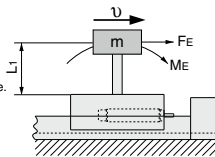
$$U = 1.4\bar{U} \text{ (mm/s)} \quad F_E = \frac{1.4}{100} \cdot \bar{U} a \cdot g \cdot m \text{ }^{Note 4}$$

$$\therefore ME = \frac{1}{3} \cdot F_E \cdot L_1 = 0.05\bar{U} a \cdot m \cdot L_1 \text{ (N-m) }^{Note 5}$$

Note 4)  $\frac{1.4}{100} \cdot \bar{U} a$  is a dimensionless coefficient for calculating impact force.

Note 5) Average load coefficient ( $= \frac{1}{3}$ ):

This coefficient is for averaging the maximum load moment at the time of stopper impact according to service life calculations.

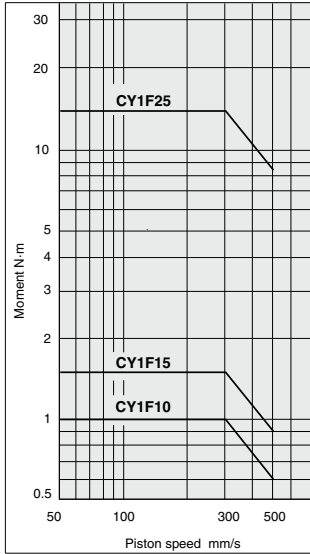


3. Refer to pages 1263 and 1264 for detailed selection procedures.

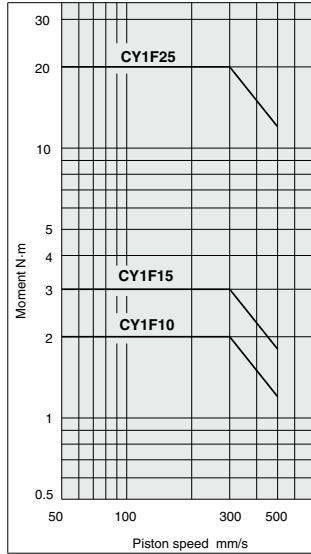
## Maximum Allowable Load

Select the load from within the range of limits shown in the graphs. Note that the maximum allowable moment value may sometimes be exceeded even within the operating limits shown in the graphs. Therefore, also check the allowable moment for the selected conditions.

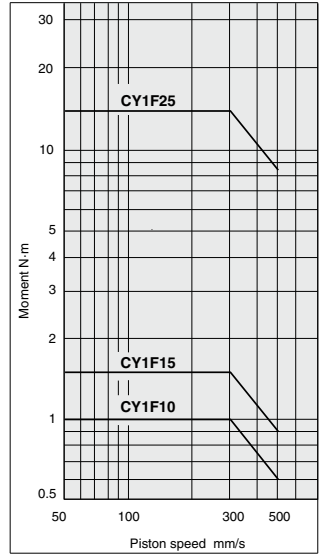
(1) CY1F/M<sub>1</sub>



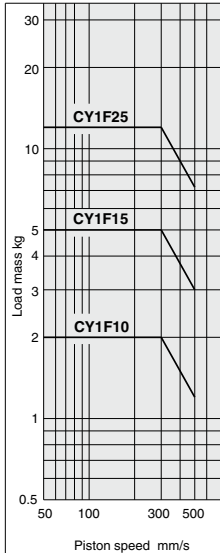
(2) CY1F/M<sub>2</sub>



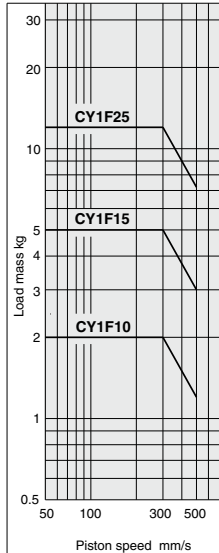
(3) CY1F/M<sub>3</sub>



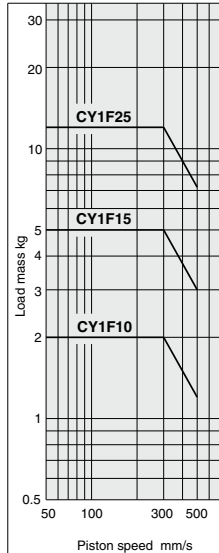
(4) CY1F/m<sub>1</sub>



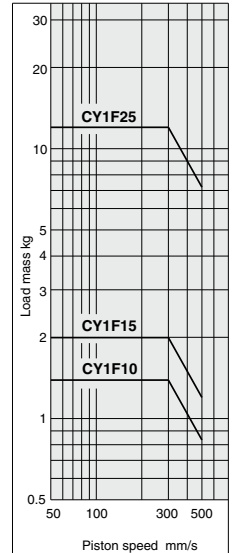
(5) CY1F/m<sub>2</sub>



(6) CY1F/m<sub>3</sub>



(7) CY1F/m<sub>4</sub>



## Precautions at Vertical Operation and Intermediate Stop

### Vertical Actuation

#### 1. Vertical operation

In vertical operation, observe the maximum load mass and the maximum operating pressure shown in the table below to prevent a drop due to slipping off of magnet couplings.

### Caution

If the maximum load mass or maximum operating pressure is exceeded, it will cause the magnet coupling to slip off.

Bore size (mm)	Maximum load weight mv (kg)	Maximum operating pressure Pv (MPa)
10	1.4	0.55
15	2.0	0.65
25	12	0.65

When the cylinder is mounted vertically or sideling, a slider may move downwards due to the self-weight or workpiece mass. If an accurate stopping position is required at the stroke end or the middle of stroke, use an external stopper to secure the accurate positioning.

### Intermediate Stop

#### 1. Intermediate stop by external stopper or stroke adjustment with adjustment bolt.

Observe the maximum pressure limit in the table below in case of intermediate stop by an external stopper or stroke adjustment with the attached adjustment bolt.

### Caution

Be careful if the operating pressure limit is exceeded, it will cause the magnet coupling to slip off.

Bore size (mm)	Holding force (N)	Operating pressure limit for intermediate stop Ps (MPa)
10	53.9	0.55
15	137	0.65
25	363	0.65

#### 2. The load is stopped by pneumatic circuit.

Observe the maximum kinetic energy in the table below in case the load is stopped at an intermediate position by a pneumatic circuit. Note that intermediate stop by a pneumatic circuit is not available in vertical operation.

### Caution

If the allowable kinetic energy is exceeded, it will cause the magnet coupling to slip off.

Bore size (mm)	Allowable kinetic energy for intermediate stop Es (J)
10	0.03
15	0.13
25	0.45



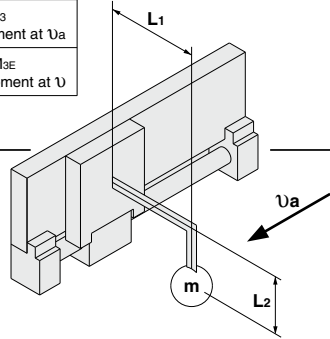
### Selection Calculation

The selection calculation finds the load factors ( $\Sigma\alpha_n$ ) of the items below, where the total ( $\alpha_n$ ) does not exceed 1.

$$\Sigma\alpha_n = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_3 \leq 1$$

Item	Load factor $\alpha_n$	Note
1. Maximum load mass	$\alpha_1 = m/m_{max}$	Review $m$ $m_{max}$ is the maximum load mass at $\upsilon_a$
2. Static moment	$\alpha_2 = M/M_{max}$	Review $M_1, M_2, M_3$ $M_{max}$ is the allowable moment at $\upsilon_a$
3. Dynamic moment	$\alpha_3 = M_E/M_{E_{max}}$	Review $M_{1E}, M_{2E}, M_{3E}$ $M_{E_{max}}$ is the allowable moment at $\upsilon$

$\upsilon$ : Collision speed  $\upsilon_a$ : Average speed



### Calculation Example 1

#### Operating Conditions

Cylinder: **CY1F15**  
 Terminal butter mechanism: Standard (shock absorber)  
 Mounting: Wall mounting  
 Speed (average) :  $\upsilon_a = 300$  [mm/s]  
 Load mass:  $m = 0.5$  [kg] (excluding weight of arm section)  
 $L_1 = 50$  [mm]  
 $L_2 = 40$  [mm]

Item	Load factor $\alpha_n$	Note
<b>1. Load mass</b> 	$\alpha_1 = m/m_{max}$ $= 0.5/5$ $= 0.1$	Investigate $m$ . Find the value of $m_{max}$ at 300 mm/s in Graph (6) for $m_3$ .
<b>2. Static moment</b> 	$M_2 = m \times g \times L_1$ $= 0.5 \times 9.8 \times 0.05$ $= 0.245$ [N·m] $\alpha_2 = M_2/M_2_{max}$ $= 0.245/3$ $= 0.082$	Investigate $M_2$ . $M_1$ and $M_3$ are not required because they are not generated.  Find the value of $M_2_{max}$ at 300 mm/s in Graph (2).
<b>3. Dynamic moment</b> 	$M_{1E} = 1/3 \times F_E \times L_1$ $(F_E = 1.4/100 \times \upsilon_a \times g \times m)$ $= 0.05 \times \upsilon_a \times m \times L_1$ $= 0.05 \times 300 \times 0.5 \times 0.05$ $= 0.375$ [N·m] $\alpha_{3A} = M_{1E}/M_{1E_{max}}$ $= 0.375/1.07$ $= 0.350$	Investigate $M_{1E}$ . Find the collision speed $\upsilon$ . $\upsilon = 1.4 \times \upsilon_a$ $= 1.4 \times 300$ $= 420$ [mm/s]  Find the value of $M_{E1_{max}}$ at 420 mm/s in Graph (1).
	$M_{3E} = 1/3 \times F_E \times L_2$ $(F_E = 1.4/100 \times \upsilon_a \times g \times m)$ $= 0.05 \times \upsilon_a \times m \times L_2$ $= 0.05 \times 300 \times 0.5 \times 0.04$ $= 0.3$ [N·m] $\alpha_{3B} = M_{3E}/M_{3E_{max}}$ $= 0.3/1.07$ $= 0.28$	Investigate $M_{3E}$ .  From above, find the value of $M_{3E_{max}}$ at 420 mm/s in Graph (3).

From above,

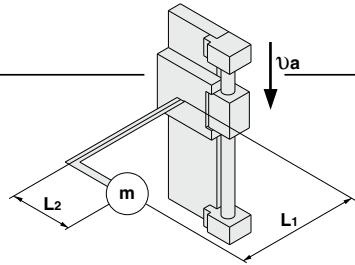
$$\Sigma\alpha_n = \alpha_1 + \alpha_2 + \alpha_{3A} + \alpha_{3B} = 0.1 + 0.082 + 0.35 + 0.28 = 0.812$$

From  $\Sigma\alpha_n = 0.812 \leq 1$ , it is applicable.

## Calculation Example 2

### Operating Conditions

Cylinder: CY1F25  
 Terminal buffer mechanism: Standard (shock absorber)  
 Mounting: Vertical mounting  
 Speed (average) :  $\upsilon_a = 300$  [mm/s]  
 Load mass:  $m = 3$  [kg] (excluding weight of arm section)  
 $L_1 = 50$  [mm]  
 $L_2 = 40$  [mm]



Item	Load factor $\alpha_n$	Note
<b>1. Load mass</b> 	$\alpha_1 = m/m_{\max}$ $= 3/12$ $= 0.25$	Investigate $m$ . Find the value of $m_{\max}$ at 300 mm/s in Graph (7) for $m_4$ .
<b>2. Static moment</b> 	$M_1 = m \times g \times L_1$ $= 3 \times 9.8 \times 0.05$ $= 1.47$ [N·m]  $\alpha_{2a} = M_1/M_1_{\max}$ $= 1.47/14$ $= 0.105$	Investigate $M_1$ . Find the value of $M_1_{\max}$ at 300 mm/s in Graph (1).  Investigate $M_3$ . Find the value of $M_3_{\max}$ at 300 mm/s in Graph (3).
	$M_3 = m \times g \times L_2$ $= 3 \times 9.8 \times 0.04$ $= 1.176$ [N·m]  $\alpha_{2b} = M_3/M_3_{\max}$ $= 1.176/14$ $= 0.084$	
<b>3. Dynamic moment</b> 	$M_{1E} = 1/3 \times F_E \times L_1$ $(F_E = 1.4/100 \times \upsilon_a \times g \times m)$ $= 0.05 \times \upsilon_a \times m \times L_1$ $= 0.05 \times 300 \times 3 \times 0.05$ $= 2.25$ [N·m]  $\alpha_{3A} = M_{1E}/M_{1E_{\max}}$ $= 2.25/10$ $= 0.225$	Investigate $M_{1E}$ . Find the collision speed $\upsilon$ . $\upsilon = 1.4 \times \upsilon_a$ $= 1.4 \times 300$ $= 420$ [mm/s] Find the value of $M_{1E_{\max}}$ at 420 mm/s in Graph (1).  Investigate $M_{3E}$ . From above, find the value of $M_{3E_{\max}}$ at 420 mm/s in Graph (3).
	$M_{3E} = 0.05 \times \upsilon_a \times m \times L_2$ $(F_E = 1.4/100 \times \upsilon_a \times g \times m)$ $= 0.05 \times 300 \times 3 \times 0.04$ $= 1.8$ [N·m]  $\alpha_{3B} = M_{3E}/M_{3E_{\max}}$ $= 1.8/10$ $= 0.18$	

From above,  
 $\Sigma \alpha_n = \alpha_1 + \alpha_{2a} + \alpha_{2b} + \alpha_{3A} + \alpha_{3B} = 0.25 + 0.105 + 0.084 + 0.225 + 0.18 = 0.844$   
 From  $\Sigma \alpha_n = 0.844 \leq 1$ , it is applicable.

# Magnetically Coupled Rodless Cylinder: Low Profile Guide Type

# CY1F Series

ø10, ø15, ø25

## How to Order

**CY1F 10 R - 300 - M9BW**

**Bore size (mm)**

10	10
15	15
25	25

**Thread type**

Symbol	Type	Bore size (mm)
Nil	M	10, 15
	Rc	
TN	NPT	25
TF	G	

**Cylinder stroke (mm)**  
Refer to page 1266 for standard stroke.

**Number of auto switches**

Nil	2 pcs.
S	1 pc.
n	"n" pcs.

**Auto switch**

Nil	Without auto switch (Built-in magnet)
-----	---------------------------------------

\* For the applicable auto switch model, refer to the table below.

**Adjustment bolt**

Nil	Both sides are standard
AL	Right: Standard For 25 mm adjustment on left
AR	For 25 mm adjustment on right Left: Standard
A	For 25 mm adjustment on both sides

**Piping direction**

**R: Concentrated piping on right**

Plug (Can be used as piping)

Piping port

**L: Concentrated piping on left**

Plug (Can be used as piping)

Piping port

## Applicable Auto Switches

Refer to pages 1289 to 1383 for further information on auto switches.

Type	Special function	Electrical entry	Indicator light	Wiring (Output)	Load voltage		Auto switch model		Lead wire length (m)					Pre-wired connector	Applicable load
					DC	AC	Perpendicular	In-line	0.5	1	3	5			
									(Nil)	(M)	(L)	(Z)			
Solid state auto switch	Diagnostic indication (2-color indicator)	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN)	5 V, 12 V	—	M9NV	M9N	●	●	●	○	○	Relay, PLC	
				3-wire (PNP)			M9PV	M9P	●	●	●	○	○		
				2-wire	M9NVW		M9NW	●	●	●	○	○			
	3-wire (NPN)			M9PWW	M9PW		●	●	●	○	○				
	3-wire (PNP)			M9BWW	M9BW		●	●	●	○	○				
	2-wire			M9NAV <sup>*1</sup>	M9NA <sup>*1</sup>		○	○	●	○	○				
Reed auto switch	Water resistant (2-color indicator)	Grommet	Yes	3-wire (NPN)	5 V, 12 V	—	M9PAV <sup>*1</sup>	M9PA <sup>*1</sup>	○	○	●	○	○	Relay, PLC	
				3-wire (PNP)			M9BAV <sup>*1</sup>	M9BA <sup>*1</sup>	○	○	●	○	○		
				2-wire	A96V		A96	●	—	—	—	—	—		
				3-wire (NPN equivalent)	100 V		A93V <sup>*2</sup>	A93	●	●	●	—	—		
				2-wire	100 V or less		A90V	A90	●	—	—	—	—		
				No	24 V		12 V	—	—	—	—	—	—		—

\*1 Water resistant type auto switches can be mounted on the above models, but in such case SMC cannot guarantee water resistance. Consult with SMC regarding water resistant types with the above model numbers.

\*2 1 m type lead wire is only applicable to D-A93.

\* Lead wire length symbols: 0.5 m ..... Nil (Example) M9NV  
 1 m ..... M (Example) M9NVW  
 3 m ..... L (Example) M9NWZ  
 5 m ..... Z (Example) M9NWZ

\* Solid state auto switches marked with a "○" symbol are produced upon receipt of order.

\* For details about auto switches with pre-wired connector, refer to pages 1358 and 1359.

\* Normally closed (NC = b contact) solid state auto switches (D-M9□E(V)) are also available. Refer to page 1308 for details.

\* The auto switch is shipped together, but not assembled.

# CY1F Series



**Symbol**  
Rubber bumper  
(Magnet type)



**Made to Order Specifications**  
[Click here for details](#)

Symbol	Specifications
-XB10	Intermediate stroke (Using exclusive body)
-XB11	Long stroke

## Specifications

Bore size (mm)	10	15	25
<b>Fluid</b>	Air		
<b>Lubrication</b>	Non-lube		
<b>Action</b>	Double acting		
<b>Maximum operating pressure (MPa)</b>	0.7		
<b>Min. operating pressure (MPa)</b>	0.2		
<b>Proof pressure (MPa)</b>	1.05		
<b>Ambient and fluid temperature (°C)</b>	-10 to 60 (No freezing)		
<b>Piston speed (mm/s)</b>	50 to 500		
<b>Cushion</b>	Built-in shock absorber		
<b>Stroke length tolerance (mm)</b>	0 to 250st: <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>0</sub>	251 to 1000st: <sup>+1.4</sup> <sub>0</sub>	1001st to: <sup>+1.8</sup> <sub>0</sub>
<b>Stroke adjustment movable range (mm)</b> <sup>Note 1)</sup>	-1.2 to 0.8		-1.4 to 0.6
<b>Piping type</b>	Centralized piping		
<b>Port size</b> <sup>Note 2)</sup>	M5 x 0.8		Rc 1/8

Note 1) The stroke adjustment movable range in the above table is that for the standard adjustment bolt. For more information, please refer to page 1273.

Note 2) With ø25, piping screws can be selected by the customer. (Refer to "How to Order".)

## Shock Absorber Specifications

Applicable bore size (mm)	10, 15	25	
<b>Shock absorber model</b>	RB0805-X552	RB1006-X552	
<b>Max. energy absorption (J)</b>	0.98	3.92	
<b>Stroke absorption (mm)</b>	5	6	
<b>Max. impact speed (m/s)</b> <sup>Note 1)</sup>	0.05 to 5		
<b>Max. operating frequency (cycle/min)</b>	80	70	
<b>Spring force (N)</b>	When extended	1.96	4.22
	When retracted	3.83	6.18
<b>Weight (g)</b>	15	25	

Note 1) Represents the maximum absorption energy per cycle. Thus, the operation frequency can be increased with the absorption energy.

Note 2) The shock absorber service life is different from that of the CY1F cylinder depending on operating conditions. Refer to the Specific Product Precautions for the replacement period.

## Standard Stroke

Bore size (mm)	Standard stroke (mm)	Maximum manufacturable stroke (mm)
10	50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300	500
15	50, 100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500	750
25	100, 150, 200, 250, 300, 350, 400, 450, 500, 550, 600	1200

\* The stroke is available in 1 mm increments with the maximum stroke as the upper limit. For a stroke in the standard stroke range, suffix the part number with -XB10. If the stroke does not fall within the standard stroke range, suffix the part no. with -XB11. Refer to the Made to Order Specifications on pages 1450 and 1456.

## Magnetic Holding Force

Unit: N

Bore size (mm)	10	15	25
Magnetic holding force	53.9	137	363

## Theoretical Output

Bore size (mm)	Piston area (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Operating pressure [MPa]					
		0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
10	78	15	23	31	39	46	54
15	176	35	52	70	88	105	123
25	490	98	147	196	245	294	343

Unit: N

Note) Theoretical output (N) = Pressure (MPa) x Piston area (mm<sup>2</sup>)

## Option

### Adjustment Bolt

Bore size (mm)	Standard adjustment bolt	25 mm adjustment bolt
10, 15	CYF-S10	CYF-L10
25	CYF-S25	CYF-L25

## Weight

Model	Basic weight	Additional weight per each 50 mm of stroke	Unit: kg	
			Standard adjustment bolt weight	Weight of adjustment bolt for 25 mm adjustment
CY1F10	0.520	0.095	0.004	0.012
CY1F15	0.815	0.133	0.004	0.012
CY1F25	1.970	0.262	0.007	0.021

Calculation method

Example: **CY1F15-150AL**

Basic weight .....0.815 kg  
 Additional weight .....0.133 kg/50 st  
 Standard adjustment bolt weight .....0.004 kg  
 Weight of adjustment bolt for 25 mm adjustment ....0.012 kg  
 0.815 + 0.133 x 150 ÷ 50 + 0.004 + 0.012 = 1.23 (kg)  
 Cylinder stroke .....150st  
 Left ..... 25 mm adjustment bolt  
 Right ..... Standard adjustment bolt

## Replacement Parts

### Part No. of Replacement Shock Absorber

Bore size (mm)	Shock absorber model no.
10, 15	RB0805-X552
25	RB1006-X552

Note) Order 2 units for each unit of cylinder.

## Replacement Actuator (Cylinder)

**CY1F B 10 [ ] R - Stroke**

Cylinder identification symbol

Bore size (mm)

10	10
15	15
25	25

Note) "XB10" or "XB11" is not required at the end of the part number for intermediate or long strokes.

### Piping direction

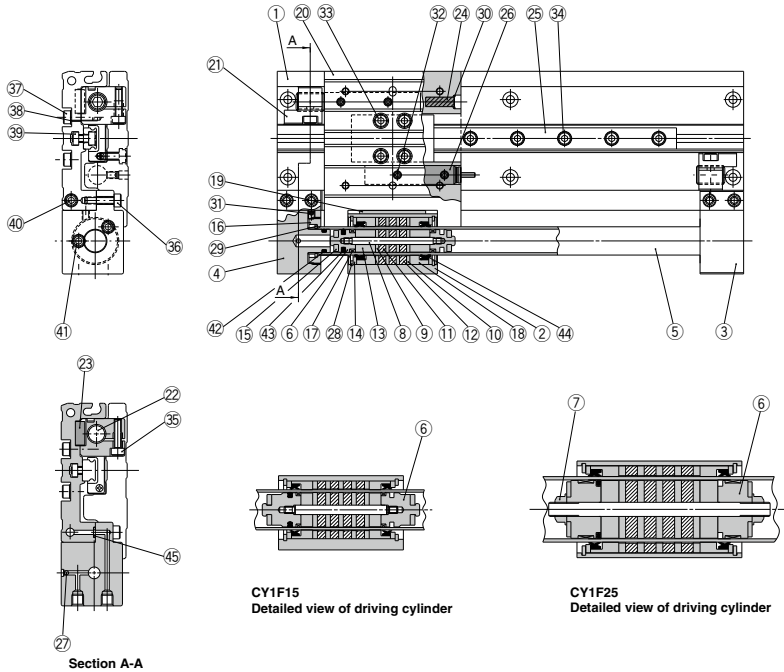
R	Centralized piping on right
L	Centralized piping on left

### Thread type

Symbol	Thread type	Bore size (mm)
NII	M	10, 15
	Rc	
TN	NPT	25
TF	G	

# CY1F Series

## Construction



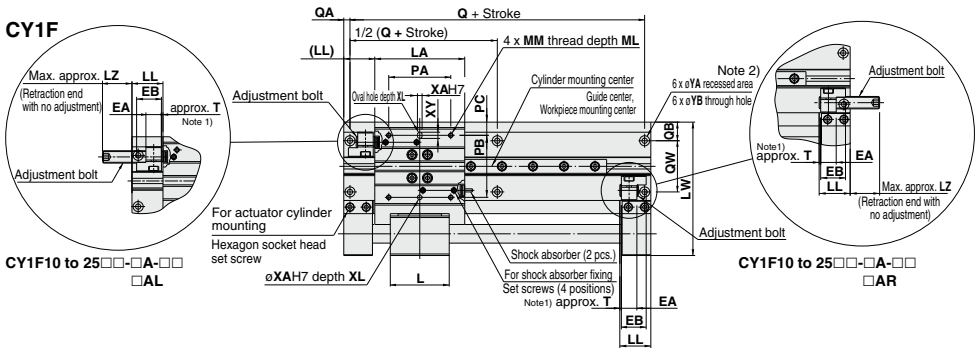
### Component Parts

No.	Description	Material	Note
1	Body (rodless cylinder)	Aluminum alloy	Anodized
2	Body	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
3	End cover A	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
4	End cover B	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
5	Cylinder tube	Stainless steel	
6	Piston	Aluminum alloy	Chromate
7	Piston nut	Carbon steel	(Only for ø25)
8	Shaft	Stainless steel	
9	Piston side yoke	Rolled steel plate	Zinc chromated
10	External slider side yoke	Rolled steel plate	Zinc chromated
11	Magnet A	—	
12	Magnet B	—	
13	Piston spacer	Aluminum alloy	Chromate
14	Spacer	Rolled steel plate	Nickel plated
15	Bumper	Urethane rubber	
16	Attachment ring	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
17	Wear ring A	Special resin	
18	Wear ring B	Special resin	
19	Wear ring C	Special resin	
20	Slide table	Aluminum alloy	Hard anodized
21	Adjuster holder	Carbon steel	Electroless nickel plated
22	Adjustment bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
23	Adjuster holder positioning key	Carbon steel	Zinc chromated
24	Magnet	—	

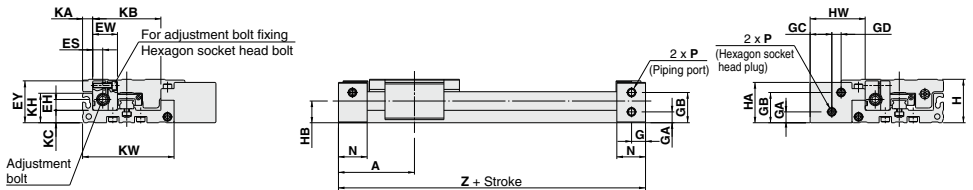
No.	Description	Material	Note
25	Guide	—	
26	Shock absorber	—	
27	Steel ball	Bearing steel	
28	Type C retaining ring for hole	Carbon tool steel	Phosphate coated
29	Type C retaining ring for axis	Hard steel wire	(ø15)
		Stainless steel	(ø10, ø25)
30	Retaining ring	Stainless steel	
31	Hexagon socket head set screw	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
32	Hexagon socket head set screw	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
33	Hexagon socket head bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
34	Hexagon socket head bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
35	Hexagon socket head bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
36	Hexagon socket head bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
37	Hexagon socket head bolt	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
38	Flat washer	Rolled steel	Nickel plated
39	Square nut	Carbon steel	Nickel plated
40	Hexagon socket head plug	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated
41	Hexagon socket head plug	Chrome molybdenum steel	Nickel plated (Hexagon socket head taper plug for ø25)
42	Cylinder tube gasket	NBR	
43	Piston seal	NBR	
44	Scraper	NBR	
45	Body (rodless cylinder) gasket	NBR	

# Magnetically Coupled Rodless Cylinder **CY1F Series**

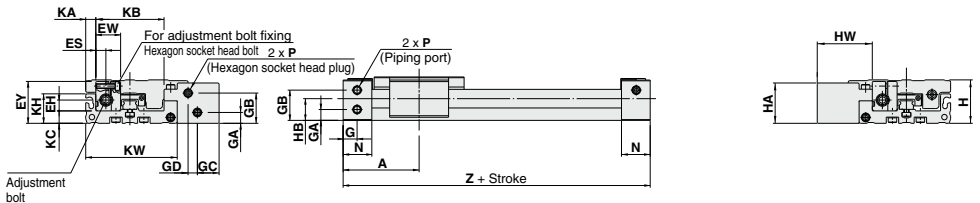
## Dimensions



### Concentrated piping on right (CY1F10 to 25□R-□□-□□)



### Concentrated piping on left (CY1F10 to 25□L-□□-□□)



Model	Standard stroke	A	EA	EB	EH	ES	EW	EY	G	GA	GB	GC	GD	H	HA	HB	HW
<b>CY1F10</b>	50,100,150,200,250,300	49	10	16	7	6.5	16	27	9	7	19.5	14	6	28	26	14	35.5
<b>CY1F15</b>	50,100,150,200,250,300,350,400,450,500	52.5	10	16	7	6.5	16	29	9	8	23	17	9	34	32	17	41.5
<b>CY1F25</b>	100,150,200,250,300,350,400,450,500,550,600	70	13	17	10.5	8	22	40	10	12	33.5	22.5	12	46	44	23.5	55

Model	KA	KB	KC	KH	KW	L	LA	LL	LW	LZ	ML	MM	N	PA	PB	PC	Q	QA	QB	QW
<b>CY1F10</b>	6.5	44	8	19	59	38	58	20	86	19	5	M3 x 0.5	18.5	40	40	8.5	90	4	12	33
<b>CY1F15</b>	6.5	51	10	19	66	53	65	20	99	19	5	M3 x 0.5	18.5	50	50	7	97	4	12	40
<b>CY1F25</b>	7.5	66	13	27	84.5	70	89	25.5	128.5	17	9	M5 x 0.8	24	65	65	8	129	5.5	14.5	52

Model	T	XA	XL	XY	YA	YB	Z	Shock absorber
<b>CY1F10</b>	1	$3^{+0.012}_0$	4	4	6.5 depth 3.4	3.4	98	RB0805- X552
<b>CY1F15</b>	1	$3^{+0.012}_0$	4	4	6.5 depth 3.4	3.4	105	RB0805- X552
<b>CY1F25</b>	1	$5^{+0.012}_0$	5	7.5	9.5 depth 5.4	5.5	140	RB1006- X552

Model	P (Piping port)		
	Nil	TN	TF
<b>CY1F10</b>	M5 x 0.8	—	—
<b>CY1F15</b>	M5 x 0.8	—	—
<b>CY1F25</b>	Rc 1/8	NPT 1/8	G 1/8

Note 1) When adjusting the stroke, keep the T dimension within a 0 to 2 mm range. However, with the 25 mm adjustment bolt, an adjustment range of 0 to 26 mm is available.

Note 2) There are four øYA and øYB dimensions with a 50 mm stroke.

# Auto Switch Mounting

## Proper Auto Switch Mounting Position (Detection at stroke end)

### D-A9□, D-A9□V (mm)

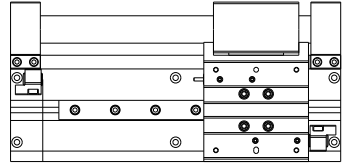
Bore size (mm)	Mounting pattern <sup>1</sup>		Mounting pattern <sup>2</sup>		Mounting pattern <sup>3</sup>		Note 2) Operating range
	A1	B1	A2	B2	A3	B3	
10	38	60	18	80	38	80	9
15	39	66	19	86	39	86	10
25	44.5	95.5	24.5	115.5	44.5	115.5	11

### D-M9□, D-M9□V, D-M9□W, D-M9□WV D-M9□A, D-M9□AV (mm)

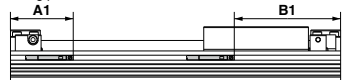
Bore size (mm)	Mounting pattern <sup>1</sup>		Mounting pattern <sup>2</sup>		Mounting pattern <sup>3</sup>		Note 2) Operating range
	A1	B1	A2	B2	A3	B3	
10	34	64	22	76	34	76	5.5
15	35	70	23	82	35	82	5
25	40.5	99.5	28.5	111.5	40.5	111.5	5

Note 1) Adjust the auto switch after confirming the operating conditions in the actual setting.

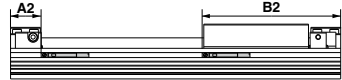
Note 2) Since the operating range is provided as a guideline including hysteresis, it cannot be guaranteed (assuming approximately ±30% dispersion). It may vary substantially depending on an ambient environment.



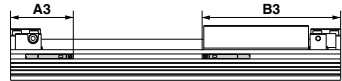
Mounting pattern ①



Mounting pattern ②



Mounting pattern ③



## ⚠ Caution

① When adjusting the stroke, confirm the minimum stroke for auto switch mounting.

See the table below for the minimum stroke for auto switch mounting.

### Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch

Mounting (1 pc.) (mm)	(mm)	
	D-A9□ D-A9□V D-M9□ D-M9□V	D-M9□W D-M9□WV D-M9□A D-M9□AV
10	5	10
15		
25		

### Minimum Stroke for Auto Switch Mounting (2 pcs.) (mm)

Bore size (mm)	D-A90 D-A96	D-A93	D-A90V D-A96V D-A93V	D-M9□ D-M9□W	D-M9□V D-M9□WV D-M9□A D-M9□AV
	Mounting pattern ①, ②	32	35	22	32
Mounting pattern ③	20			12	

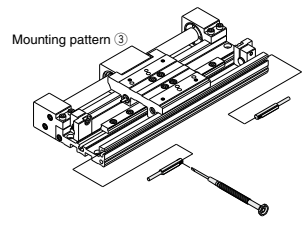
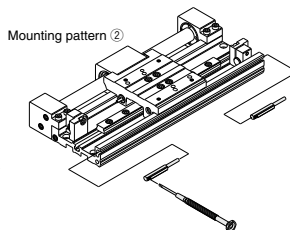
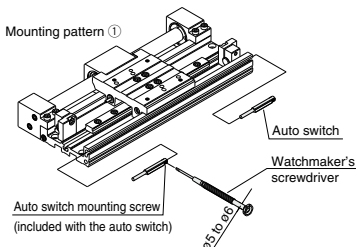
## Mounting of Auto Switch

As shown below, there are 3 ways to mount the auto switch according to 3 types of electrical entries. Insert the auto switch into the auto switch groove. Then use a flat head watchmaker's screwdriver to tighten the included auto switch mounting screws.

Note) When tightening the mounting screw (included with the auto switch), use a watchmaker's screwdriver with a handle 5 to 6mm in diameter.

### Tightening Torque of Auto Switch Mounting Screws (N·m)

Auto switch model	Tightening torque
D-M9□(V) D-M9□W(V) D-A93	0.05 to 0.15
D-M9□A(V) D-A9□(V) (Excludes the D-A93)	0.05 to 0.10 0.10 to 0.20







# CY1F Series

## Specific Product Precautions 1

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to page 8 for safety instructions and pages 9 to 18 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

### Mounting

#### ⚠ Caution

##### 1. Do not apply a large impact or excessive moment to the slide table (slider).

Because the slide table (slider) is supported by a precision bearing, do not apply a large impact or excessive moment when mounting a workpiece.

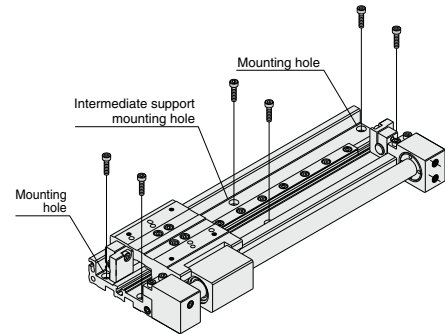
##### 2. Align carefully when connecting to a load with an external guide mechanism.

Although a magnetic rodless cylinder (CY1F series) can directly receive a load within the allowable range of the guide, it is necessary to align sufficiently when connecting to a load with an external guide mechanism.

The longer the stroke is, the greater the displacement of the shaft center becomes. Therefore, adopt a connection method (floating mechanism) that can ensure absorption of the displacement.

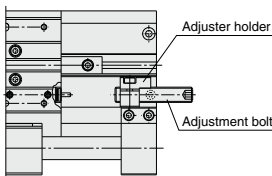
##### 3. Be sure to use the 4 mounting holes on both ends of the guide body when mounting the product on equipment.

The mounting hole at the center of the guide body is used to mount an intermediate support. Be sure to use the 4 mounting holes at both ends to secure the product.



##### 4. When a 25 mm adjustment bolt is selected, the mounting holes will be hidden behind it. Adjust the adjustment bolt after the cylinder is installed.

According to "2. Adjusting bolt adjustment" on page 1273, move the adjustment bolt to a position where it does not interfere with any of the mounting holes and secure the cylinder with mounting screws. After securing the cylinder, readjust the stroke with the adjustment bolt.



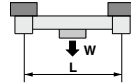
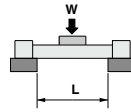
25 mm adjustment bolt

#### ⚠ Caution

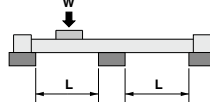
##### 5. Long stroke operation causes deflection of the path table or cylinder tube. In such a case, provide an intermediate support.

Provide an intermediate support with the mounting holes on the center of the path table so that the distance between supports given as L in the figure will not exceed the value shown in the graph.

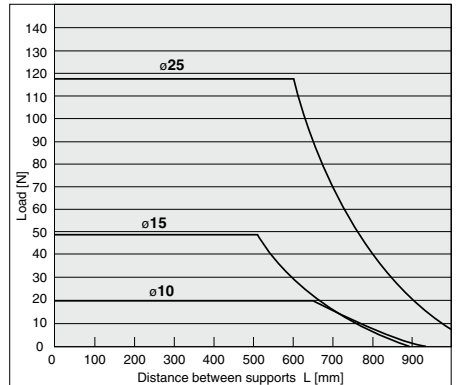
- If the counter surface lacks precision, malfunction may result so adjust the level at the same time.
- In an environment where vibration or impact occurs, provide an intermediate support even if the distance is within the allowable range in the graph.



In case the product is installed on the ceiling, regard the mounting bolt pitch as L.



Distance between Load and Supports



##### 6. There are limitations on the load mass and operating pressure in case the product is used in the vertical direction.

When using the product in the vertical direction, confirm the allowable values in "Vertical Operation" in Model Selection (1) on page 1262. If the allowable value is exceeded, the magnet coupling may slip off, causing the workpiece to drop down.



## CY1F Series

# Specific Product Precautions 2

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to page 8 for safety instructions and pages 9 to 18 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

### Handling

#### ⚠ Caution

##### 1. Do not inadvertently move the guide adjusting unit.

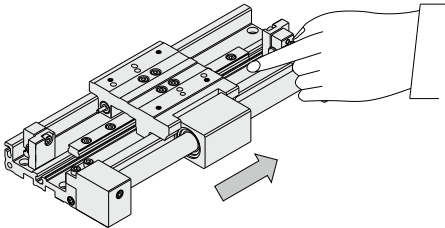
The guide is installed at the proper tightening torque. Do not loosen the mounting bolts of the guide.

##### 2. Do not operate the magnetic rodless cylinder if the magnet couplings on the actuator are displaced.

If the magnet couplings are displaced by an external force beyond the holding force, supply an air pressure of 0.7 MPa to the cylinder port to return the external slider to the right position of the stroke end.

##### 3. Take precautions to avoid getting your hands caught in the unit.

Be careful not to let your hand caught between the slide table and adjuster holder at the stroke end. Install a protective cover or take some other measures to keep any part of the human body from directly touching the place.



##### 4. Never disassemble the magnetic component parts (external slider, internal slider) of the actuator (cylinder).

If will cause decline of the holding force, etc.

##### 5. Do not use the cylinder in an environment where the cylinder is expose to moisture, adhesive foreign matter, dust or liquid such as water or cutting fluid.

If the cylinder is used in an environment where the lubrication of the cylinders sliding parts is compromised, please consult SMC.

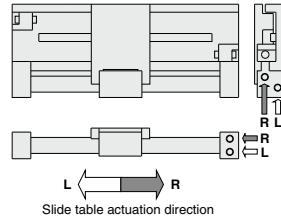
### Piping

#### ⚠ Caution

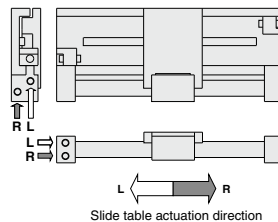
##### 1. Be careful about the direction of the piping port and that of the slide table movement.

The direction of the piping port and that of the slide table movement differ between the right side centralized piping and left side centralized piping.

###### Centralized piping on right



###### Centralized piping on left



##### 2. The plug position of the piping port can be changed to suit the operating conditions.

When screwing in the plug for the second time, wrap a sealant tape around the plug to prevent leakage.

(1) M5

First tighten lightly until the rotation stops. Then tighten an additional 1/6 to 1/4 turn.

(2) Rc 1/8

Tighten with a 7 to 9 N·m torque using tightening tools.



# CY1F Series Specific Product Precautions 3

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to page 8 for safety instructions and pages 9 to 18 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

## Adjustment

### ⚠ Caution

#### 1. Stroke adjustable range

The stroke of CY1F series can be controlled by adjusting the attached adjustment bolt.

For stroke adjustment amount, please refer to the table below.

Bore size (mm)	Standard adjustment bolt	25 mm adjustment bolt
10	-1.2 to 0.8	-25.2 to 0.8
15	-1.2 to 0.8	-25.2 to 0.8
25	-1.4 to 0.6	-25.4 to 0.6

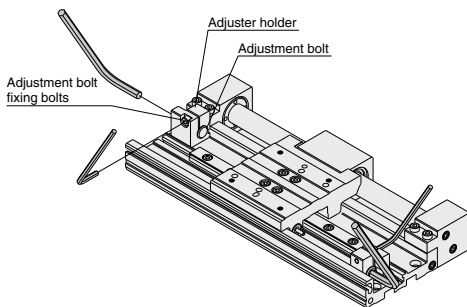
(mm)

The adjustment values above are those for one side.

#### 2. Adjusting bolt adjustment

- 1) Loose the adjustment bolt fixing bolts.
- 2) Insert a hexagon wrench into a hexagon hole at the end of the adjustment bolt to adjust the adjustment bolt.
- 3) After adjustment, tighten the adjustment bolt fixing bolts.

Bore size (mm)	Adjustment bolt fixing bolts	Tightening torque	Adjustment width across flats
10	M3	1.0 to 1.3 N·m	4
15			
25	M5	4.6 to 6.2 N·m	5



### ⚠ Caution

#### 1. When adjusting the stroke, be careful about the operating pressure limits.

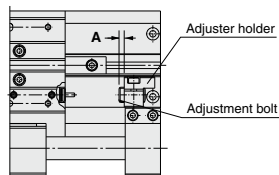
When making the stroke smaller than the reference stroke with the adjustment bolt, operate at a pressure below the operating pressure limit in (1) "Intermediate stop by external stopper or stroke adjustment with adjustment bolt" on page 1262. If the operating pressure limit is exceeded, the magnet coupling on the actuator (cylinder) will slip off.

#### 2. When adjusting the stroke, use the distance from the end of the adjustment bolt to the end of the adjuster holder as a guideline.

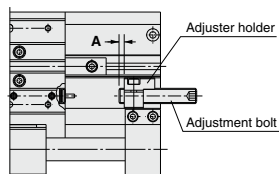
If dimension A is made smaller than 0, the slide table and adjuster holder will collide, resulting in damage to the slide table such as scratches or gouges.

Bore size (mm)	At the minimum stroke of standard adjustment bolt	At the minimum stroke of 25 mm adjustment bolt	Basic stroke	At maximum stroke adjustment
10	A < 2	A < 26	A = 0.8	A ≥ 0
15				
25	A < 2	A < 26	A = 0.6	

(mm)



Standard adjustment bolt



25 mm adjustment bolt



# CY1F Series

## Specific Product Precautions 4

Be sure to read this before handling the products.

Refer to page 8 for safety instructions and pages 9 to 18 for actuator and auto switch precautions.

### Maintenance and Replacement

#### ⚠ Caution

##### Replacement of Actuator

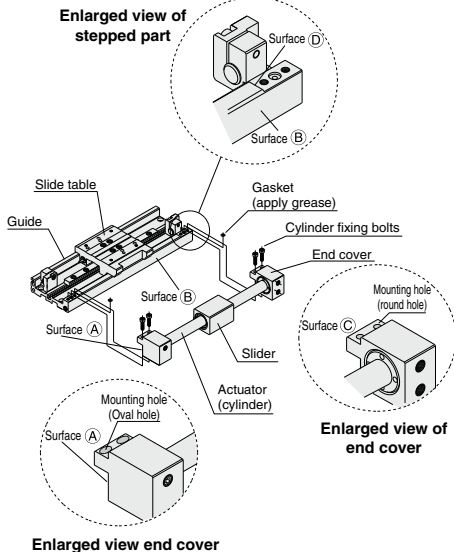
### 1. The actuator (cylinder) of the CY1F series can be replaced.

Refer to "Replacement Actuator (Cylinder)" on page 1267 about how to order .

### 2. Replacement of actuator (cylinder) of the CY1F series.

- 1) Remove the 4 cylinder fixing bolts and pull out the actuator from the guide.
- 2) Apply grease to the gaskets attached to the replacement actuator (cylinder) and replace the installed gaskets with the new ones.
- 3) Fit the slider of the replacement actuator into the recessed part of the slide table. Align the surface C (on the side with round mounting holes) of the end cover of the replacement actuator and surface D of the stepped part on the guide.
- 4) In the condition described in (3), put surface A and surface B in close contact with each other. Tighten the 4 cylinder fixing bolts evenly.

Bore size (mm)	Cylinder fixing bolt	Tightening torque
10	M3	0.55 to 0.72 N·m
15		
25	M5	2.6 to 3.5 N·m



### 3. Be sure to fasten the cylinder fixing bolts.

Fasten the cylinder fixing bolts firmly. If they become loose, damage or malfunction may result. After replacing the actuator, be sure to conduct a test run before actually using the product.

#### ⚠ Caution

##### Replacement of Shock Absorber

### 1. The shock absorber of the CY1F series can be replaced.

The shock absorber should be replaced as a spare part if a decline in the energy absorption capacity is observed.

Refer to the table below about how to order a replacement shock absorber.

Bore size (mm)	No.
10	RB0805-X552
15	
25	RB1006-X552

### 2. Replacement of shock absorber

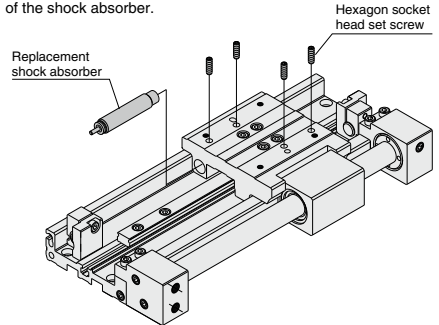
Follow the steps below to replace the shock absorber.

- 1) Remove the workpiece from the slide table.
- 2) Loosen the 4 hexagon socket head screws on the top of the slide table and pull out the shock absorber.
- 3) Insert the replacement shock absorber into the slide table until it reaches the rear end and tighten 4 hexagon socket head screws.

Bore size (mm)	Hexagon socket head set screw	Tightening torque
10	M3	0.37 to 0.45 N·m
15		
25	M5	0.54 to 0.64 N·m

### 3. Be careful about the tightening torque of the hexagon socket head screws.

Be careful excessive tightening may cause damage or malfunction of the shock absorber.



### Service Life and Replacement Period of Shock Absorber

#### ⚠ Caution

### 1. Allowable operating cycle under the specifications set in this catalog is shown below.

- 1.2 million times RB08□□
- 2 million times RB10□□ to RB2725

Note 1) Specified service life (suitable replacement period) is the value at room temperature (20 to 25°C). The period may vary depending on the temperature and other conditions. In some cases the absorber may need to be replaced before the allowable operating cycle above.